

# What is a pulse?

Pulses are nutritionally-dense, edible seeds of legumes including dry peas, lentils, chickpeas and dry beans!



# Pulses are U.S.-grown!

U.S. pulses are grown in two main regions including the Northern Plains, comprised of Montana, North Dakota, and South Dakota, and the Palouse, which includes eastern Washington, northern Idaho, and northeastern Oregon.

# **Crediting Pulses and Pulse Products in School Meals**



Pulses credit in the National School Breakfast and Lunch Programs. With unique nutrient compositions, they can credit as a vegetable in the beans and peas sub-category, or as a meat/meat alternate — perfect for meat eaters, vegan and vegetarian students alike.



#### Vegetable Subgroup

Grades K to 12 at lunch: minimum of ½ cup beans/ peas weekly





#### Meat/Meat Alternate

½ cup of beans, chickpeas, lentils, dry peas = 2 oz. meat/meat alternate1

¼ cup of beans, chickpeas, lentils, dry peas. = 1 oz. meat/meat alternate1



#### Vegetable Flour Based Pasta Products

#### **ANNOUNCED APRIL 2019**

Pasta made with 100% vegetables flours, such as chickpea flour or red lentil flour, may credit towards the vegetable category, even when served without a visible vegetable.

• ½ cup cooked pasta made with 100% vegetables flours = ½ cup vegetables (beans/peas)2



#### **In Breakfast Requirements**

- Any vegetable may now be served at breakfast in place of fruit. Pulse products served at breakfast may now be used to credit for the fruit requirement.
- Once the weekly grain requirement is met, schools may use 1 oz, or ¼ cup of pulses, to credit towards the grain requirement at breakfast.



Chickpeas, beans, lentils and split peas may be added to smoothies and credit towards the vegetable requirements at 50% of the volume used. No more than 50% of the weekly vegetable requirement may be served in smoothies.3

• For instance, ½ cup pureed chickpeas = ½ cup vegetable credit.



Flour made from pulse **products** such as chickpeas, dry peas, beans or lentils will credit toward the meat/ meat alternate category when served with an additional meat/meat



alternate, like cheese.









<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> USDA Food and Nutrition Service. Nutrition standards in the national school lunch and breakfast programs; final rule, January 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> USDA Food and Nutrition Service. Crediting pasta products made of vegetable flour in the child nutrition programs. April 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> USDA Food and Nutrition Service. Smoothies offered in child nutrition programs - revised. July 2015.

### **Nutrition Profile**

Pulses, no matter the variety, provide your students with high-quality, plant-based nutrition. Pulses are a good source of plant-based protein and an excellent source of fiber per ½-cup serving.

#### **Pulses fill student bellies**

A good source of plant-based protein and an excellent source of fiber.

#### **Naturally low in sodium**

Helping you to meet National School Lunch Program Guidelines.

# Packed with key micronutrients

Pulses contain iron, are high in antioxidants and are a good source of potassium.



1 SERVING =  1/2 CUP COOKED	Beans	Chickpeas (Garbanzo Beans)	Lentils	Dry Peas
Calories	122	134	115	116
Fat (g)	0.6	2.2	<0.5	0.4
Cholesterol (mg)	0	0	0	0
Protein (g)	7.7	7.3	8.9	8.3
Iron (mg)	1.8	2.4	3.3	1.3
Fiber (g)	7.7	6.2	7.8	8.1

# **Purchasing Pulses**

Several varieties of pulses are available through the USDA Foods Available List, including canned black beans, chickpeas (garbanzo beans) and canned and dried pinto beans. Other pulse varieties and pulse products like hummus, dips and pasta are available through your foodservice distributor. Pulses are **one of the most cost-effective meat/meat alternate sources** that meet the National School Lunch Program meal requirements. On average, pulses cost about 10 cents per serving.



# **Serving Pulses**

Pulses are a cost-effective way to add new kidfriendly flavors to your school menu. Pulses provide a canvas to explore global cuisine and flavors with your students. They've been everywhere — from regional American staples like chili to international favorites like hummus, curry and many more, pulses fit in every cuisine!

Here are global flavor pairings to spark menu ideas

- 1. Roasted Chickpeas + Masala
- 2. Hearty Lentils + Taco seasoning
- 3. Sautéed Black Beans + Chipotle
- 4. Warmed Chickpeas + Buffalo sauce
- 5. Stewed Kidney Beans + Cajun seasoning
- 6. Warmed Split Peas + Orange sauce
- 7. Mashed Lentils + Tomato sauce

## **Turn-key Recipes**

Visit usapulses.org/schools for recipes and resources from the American Pulse Association such as:

Cowboy Beans and Cornbread

Nacho Average Lentil Taco

Blazin' Buffalo Chickpea Shaker Salad

Rockin' Ranch Hummus

Farmer's Meatball Grinder

"Peas on Earth" Taco Salad

Southwest Sloppy Joes

Orange Sriracha Protein Bowl











